

PHILLIP WHOLESALE ISLAMIC INCOME FUND

AUDITED ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2025

Manager: PHILLIP CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SDN. BHD. (199501004372)(333567-D)

> Trustee: **PB TRUSTEE SERVICES BERHAD** (196801000374)(7968-T)

CONTENTS

1	Fund Information
2 - 3	Fund Performance
4	Manager's Report
4	Performance Review
5	Volatility of the Fund
5	Securities Financing Transactions
5	Income Distribution and Unit Split
5 - 6	Market Review
6	Market Outlook
7	Strategy Going Forward
7	Asset Allocation of the Fund
8	Gearing and Credit Risk
8	Key Investment Team
8	Key Risk Factors
8	Significant Changes in the State of Affairs of the Fund
8	Circumstances That Materially Affect Interest of Unitholders
8	Cross Trade
8	Soft Commissions
9	Trustee's Report
10	Shariah Adviser's Report
11	Statement By The Manager
12 - 14	Independent Auditors' Report
15	Statement Of Financial Position
16	Statement Of Comprehensive Income
17	Statement Of Changes In Net Asset Value
18	Statement Of Cash Flows
19 - 32	Notes To The Financial Statements
33 - 34	Corporate Information

FUND INFORMATION As at 30 April 2025

Name Of Fund	:	Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund
Manager Of Fund	:	Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd 199501004372 (333567-D)
Launch Date	:	3 May 2021
Category Of Fund	:	Fixed Income (Wholesale Islamic)
Type Of Fund	:	Income
Investment Objective	:	Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund aims to provide regular income by investing in Shariah-compliant investments.
Performance Benchmark	:	Maybank's 1-Month General Investment Account-i (GIA-i) Rate (Tier 1-Month Rate)
Distribution Policy	:	To distribute income on a monthly basis or at least quarterly, subject to availability of income.
Fund Size	:	238.57 million units

FUND PERFORMANCE

Financial Highlights

Category	As at 30.04.2025	As at 30.04.2024	As at 30.04.2023
	%	%	%
Shariah-compliant investments - Islamic fixed income securities Shariah-based deposits with licensed	4.23	6.50	1.55
financial institutions	95.48	93.48	98.43
Cash	0.29	0.02	0.02
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
Net Asset Value (RM'000)	238,573	311,121	293,465
Number Of Units In Circulation (Units '000)	238,573	311,121	293,465
Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	1.0000*	1.0000*	1.0000*
Total Expense Ratio ("TER")	0.28%	0.28%	0.32%
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times)	56.82	54.43	48.11

* Price quoted is ex-distribution.

Performance Data

	Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund Average Total Annual		Maybank': GIA-i Total	
	Return*	Return	Return**	Return
1 Year Period to 30.4.2025 3 Years' Period to 30.4.2025 Since launch (3.5.2021 to 30.4.2025)	3.39% 9.86% 11.83%	3.39% 3.29% 2.96%	1.86% 5.76% 6.81%	1.86% 1.92% 1.71%
	1.5.2024 to	1.5.2023 to	1.5.2022 to	Since launch 3.5.2021 to
	30.4.2025	30.4.2024	30.4.2023	30.4.2022
Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund - Capital Return (% p.a.)	_	_	_	_
- Income Return (% p.a.) - Total Return (% p.a.)	3.39% 3.39%	3.47% 3.47%	2.70% 2.70%	1.79% 1.79%
Maybank's 1-Month GIA-i Rate (% p.a.)	1.86%	2.11%	1.68%	1.00%
				Since Iaunch
	1.5.2024	1.5.2023	1.5.2022	3.5.2021
	to 30.4.2025	to 30.4.2024	to 30.4.2023	to 30.4.2022
Unit Prices				
Highest NAV (RM) Lowest NAV (RM)	1.0000 1.0000	1.0000 1.0000	1.0000 1.0000	1.0000 1.0000
	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	Calendar year	Calendar year	Calendar year	Calendar year
Distributions	2025	2024	2023	2022
Gross/Net Distribution Per Unit (% p.a.)		0.00%	0.45%	4.000/
- 31 May - 30 June	-	3.30% 3.30%	3.45% 3.40%	1.86% 1.90%
- 31 July	_	3.30%	3.30%	1.98%
- 31 August	-	3.30%	3.32%	2.09%
- 30 September	-	3.33%	3.35%	2.20%
- 31 October	-	3.33%	3.40%	2.40%
- 30 November	-	3.33%	3.50%	2.67%
- 31 December	-	3.40%	3.50%	3.10%
- 31 January	3.30%	3.52%	3.45%	1.78%
- 28/29 February	3.45%	3.50%	3.55%	1.77%
- 31 March	3.40% 3.33%	3.40% 3.30%	3.43% 3.45%	1.76%
- 30 April	3.33%	3.30%	5.45%	1.80%
Unit Splits	-	-	-	-

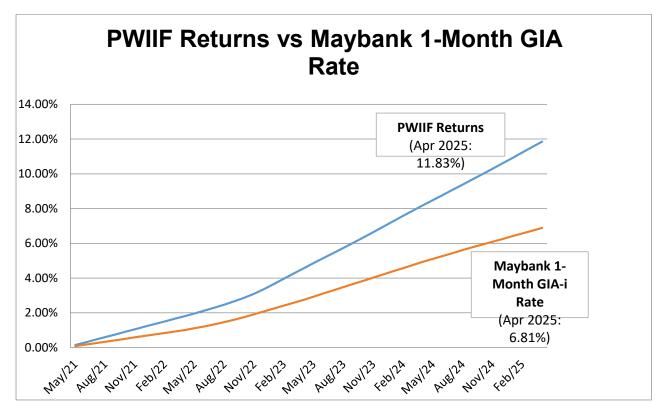
Source: * Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund's average monthly distribution rate for the period ** Maybank2u website (The average return rate for the period)

MANAGER'S REPORT

Performance Review

For the purpose of benchmark comparison, we have used Maybank's 1-Month General Investment Account-i (GIA-i) Rate as both provide similar liquidity.

Performance of Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund ("PWIIF") vs. Maybank's 1-Month GIA-i Rate since the Fund's launch:



Date of launch: 3 May 2021 Source: Maybank2u Website

Since its launch, the Fund has distributed income monthly. During the financial year under review, the Fund's returns were better than the return offered by Maybank's 1-Month General Investment Account-i (GIA-i) Rate. Beneath is the comparison table.

PWIIF vs Maybank's 1-Month General Investment Account-i (GIA-i) Rate

PWIIF *	Maybank **	Difference
(% p.a.)	(% p.a.)	(% p.a.)
3.39	1.86	1.53

Source: * PWIIF's total return for the year ** Maybank2u website (The average return rate for the year)

During the financial year under review, the total return of the Fund registered at 3.39% p.a. compared to the benchmark return of 1.86% p.a.. The Fund has out-performed the benchmark, as illustrated in the comparison table above. As such, the Fund has achieved its objective to provide regular income to investors higher than the performance benchmark.

Volatility Of The Fund

The volatility of the Fund is negligible. The Net Asset Value of the Fund traded at RM1.00 per unit during the financial year under review.

Securities Financing Transactions

For the financial year under review, the Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions (collectively referred to as "securities financing transactions").

Income Distribution

	Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund
Gross/Net distribution per unit	31.05.2024: 3.30% p.a.
	30.06.2024: 3.30% p.a.
	31.07.2024: 3.30% p.a.
	31.08.2024: 3.30% p.a.
	30.09.2024: 3.33% p.a.
	31.10.2024: 3.33% p.a.
	30.11.2024: 3.33% p.a.
	31.12.2024: 3.40% p.a.
	31.01.2025: 3.30% p.a.
	28.02.2025: 3.45% p.a.
	31.03.2025: 3.40% p.a.
	30.04.2025: 3.33% p.a.
NAV per unit before distribution (as at 30 April 2025)	RM1.0000
\/	

NAV per unit after distribution (as at 30 April 2025)

RM1.0000

Unit Split Nil

Market Review

Malaysia's economy recorded a robust GDP growth of 5.1% year-on-year (yoy) in 2024, accelerating from 3.6% yoy in 2023, underpinned by resilient domestic demand, which expanded by 6.5% yoy (2023: +4.6%). Notably, total investments surged by 12.0% yoy, more than doubling the previous year's growth of 5.5%, reflecting improved business confidence and capital formation. On the external front, exports rebounded strongly, growing 8.5% yoy in 2024 (2023: -8.1%), while imports rose by 8.9% yoy (2023: -7.4%), signaling a recovery in trade activity and domestic consumption. From a supply-side perspective, manufacturing output grew 4.2% yoy, a marked improvement from the modest 0.7% in 2023, while the construction sector posted significant growth of 17.5% yoy (2023: +6.1%), driven by ongoing infrastructure and property development. The services sector, which comprises 59.6% of GDP, remained a key growth engine, expanding by 5.4% yoy (2023: +5.1%).

Heading into 1Q25, Malaysia's GDP expanded by 4.4% yoy and 0.7% quarter-on-quarter seasonally adjusted (qoq sa) (4Q24: -0.2% qoq sa), supported by resilient domestic and external demand. Growth was notably driven by March's 6.0% yoy GDP increase and a 6.8% yoy rebound in exports, likely due to front-loading ahead of anticipated U.S. tariff announcements. On the supply side, most major sectors recorded positive qoq sa growth, except for mining, which contracted by 1.9% qoq sa due to weaker crude oil and natural gas output. All key expenditure components increased on a qoq basis, except for imports. The central bank expects Malaysia's economic growth in 2025 to fall slightly below its earlier forecast of 4.5%–5.5%, amid escalating trade tensions and heightened policy uncertainty.

Malaysia's full-year Consumer Price Index (CPI) for 2024 stood at 1.8%, with core CPI also at 1.8%, compared to 2.5% and 3.0% respectively in 2023. Inflation in Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages eased from 4.8% to 2.0%, while Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels rose from 1.7% to 3.0%, driven by the partial removal of the electricity tariff rebate. Transport inflation eased from 1.1% to 0.9%, reflecting lower average prices of RON97 compared to 2023. As of the first four months of 2025 (Jan–Apr), Malaysia's headline CPI rose by 1.5% yoy, while core CPI increased by 1.9% yoy. The central bank projects headline inflation in 2025 to remain within a moderate range of 2.0%–3.5%, supported by easing global cost pressures and the absence of excessive demand. Lower global commodity prices are expected to exert additional downward pressure, while recently introduced wage-related policies may support demand, although their impact on inflation is expected to be limited. Overall, the effect of domestic policy measures is anticipated to remain contained.

Malaysia's labour market remained healthy throughout 2024, with low unemployment and steady job creation. The unemployment rate held at 3.3% from December 2023 through August 2024, then edged down to 3.2% between September 2024 and November 2024, and further to 3.1% in December 2024, reflecting continued labour market improvement. As of March 2025, the unemployment rate was stable at 3.1% for the fourth consecutive month, supported by sustained employment growth across key sectors and a resilient domestic economy.

Throughout the financial year under review, the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) was maintained at 3.0% following the last 0.25% hike in May 2023. Both headline and core inflation rates have remained under control, below 2% since July 2023, posing no threat to the central bank's inflation target. As of April 30, Malaysia's international reserves stood at US\$118.7 billion. According to the central bank, the reserves are sufficient to finance 5.0 months of imports of goods and services and cover 0.9 times the total short-term external debt. The main components of the reserves were: foreign currency reserves (US\$105.5 billion), the IMF reserve position (US\$1.3 billion), Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) (US\$5.8 billion), gold (US\$3.8 billion), and other reserve assets (US\$2.3 billion).

Market Outlook

Malaysia's GDP is expected to grow near the lower end of the 4%–5% range in 2025, with the outlook heavily influenced by developments in trade and U.S. tariff policy. We anticipate that front-loading of exports in 2Q25 may provide short-term momentum, though uncertainties are likely to persist into the second half of the year. Nevertheless, domestic policy support is expected to continue underpinning the economy. This includes a revised tourism arrival target of 45 million for 2025 (up from 31.3 million), fiscal support for exporters through SME loan guarantees, and a possible delay in subsidy rationalisation to sustain domestic consumption. The central bank's dovish stance also signals its readiness to support growth should external headwinds intensify.

Inflation is expected to rise in 2025, partly due to the rationalisation of RON95 fuel subsidies. However, these inflationary pressures are likely to be contained, as the government has indicated the policy will likely target only the top 15% of income earners ("T15"), helping to keep broader inflation in check. With the OPR remaining accommodative, a rate cut in 2025 appears unlikely unless trade-related uncertainties lead to a significant economic downturn or labour market deterioration, which could prompt the central bank to reconsider its policy stance.

Strategy Going Forward

Throughout the review period, the Fund allocated its entire portfolio to short-term deposits and money market instruments maturing within one year. The Fund will continue to pursue its investment objective by focusing primarily on fixed income instruments, deposits, and money market instruments in accordance with its mandate.

Looking ahead, our defensive approach remains unchanged, allowing us to actively seek opportunities in high-quality bonds offering attractive yields. Our strategy will continue to include short-term money market instruments with maturities not exceeding 365 days, aimed at generating better returns for the Fund. To manage liquidity risk and facilitate regular redemptions, a portion of the Fund's assets will be held in deposits with maturities of one month or less. Lastly, we will closely monitor bond yield movements to identify and capitalise on select opportunities offering compelling yields.

Asset Allocation of the Fund



The asset allocation of the Fund is as follows:

Portfolio composition table

	April 2025	April 2024
Sector	%	%
Shariah-compliant investments - Islamic fixed income securities	4.23	6.50
Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions	95.48	93.48
Cash	0.29	0.02
Total	100.00	100.00

The Fund will continue to stay investing mainly in short-term Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions with maturity not exceeding 365 days (1-year), in line with the Fund's mandate.

Gearing and Credit Risk

The Fund is not allowed to borrow money and thus is not exposed to volatility of profit rate charged for borrowing.

Key Investment Team

No Name

1 Ang Kok Heng

2 Tan Sze Nee

Designation Chief Investment Officer Senior Manager, Fixed Income

Key Risk Factors

The potential risks associated with investing in the Fund are including, but not limited to, the following:

- Market risk
- Inflation risk
- Manager risk
- Non-Compliance risk
- Financing risk
- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk
- Credit and default risk
- Counterparty risk

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs of the Fund

For the financial year under review, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund not otherwise disclosed in the financial statements.

Circumstances That Materially Affect Interest of Unitholders

For the financial year under review, there were no circumstances that materially affect any interest of the unitholders.

Cross Trade

No cross trade transactions have been carried out during the financial year under review.

Soft Commissions

During the financial year under review, we neither received soft commission nor rebates from any brokers by virtue of transaction conducted by the Fund.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF PHILLIP WHOLESALE ISLAMIC INCOME FUND ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 April 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, **Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd** ("the Manager") has operated and managed the Fund during the financial year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- (a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Manager under the Deeds, the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 (as amended from time to time) and other applicable laws;
- (b) Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deeds and relevant regulatory requirements; and
- (c) Creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and relevant regulatory requirements.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objectives of the Fund.

For PB Trustee Services Berhad (196801000374) (7968-T)

Cheah Kuan Yoon Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 30 June 2025

SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

To the Unit holders of Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund ("Fund")

We hereby confirm the following:

- To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") pertaining to Shariah matters; and
- 2. The asset of the Fund comprises of instruments that have been classified as Shariah-compliant by either the Shariah Advisory Council ("SAC") of the SC or the SAC of Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM").

For Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

TAN SRI DR MOHD DAUD BAKAR Executive Chairman

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 30 June 2025

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, **Datin Hajjah Nona Binti Salleh** and **Loke Ka Wai**, being two of the directors of **Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd**, do hereby declare that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Deeds, Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the relevant Securities Commission Malaysia guidelines so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of **Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund** as at 30 April 2025 and of its financial performance, changes in net asset value and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Manager in accordance with a resolution of the directors,

DATIN HAJJAH NONA BINTI SALLEH Executive Chairperson LOKE KA WAI Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 30 June 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF PHILLIP WHOLESALE ISLAMIC INCOME FUND

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund** ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 April 2025, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 15 to 32.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 April 2025, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the *By-Laws* (on *Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice*) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("*By-Laws*") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Fund Manager's Report but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

(Forward)

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the Fund Manager's Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the Fund Manager's Report and, in doing so, consider whether the Fund Manager's Report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Fund Manager's Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the Financial Statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the relevant Securities Commission Malaysia guidelines. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Trustee is responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

(Forward)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Other Matter

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the relevant Securities Commission Malaysia guidelines and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards any other person for the contents of this report.

DELOITTE PLT (LLP0010145-LCA) Chartered Accountants (AF 0080)

KOK PEI LOO Partner - 03524/08/2026 J Chartered Accountant

30 June 2025

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 April 2025

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
Assets Shariah-compliant investment Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial	3	10,065,000	20,106,500
institutions Profit receivables Cash at bank Total assets	4	227,063,591 819,649 <u>689,166</u> 238,637,406	289,160,200 1,857,032 <u>76,521</u> 311,200,253
Liabilities Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables Total liabilities	6	48,966 2,976 12,072 64,014	63,058 4,225 12,072 79,355
Unitholders' equity Unitholders' capital Retained earnings		238,573,392	311,120,898
Total equity/Net asset value ("NAV") attributable to unitholders	7	238,573,392	311,120,898
Total equity and liabilities		238,637,406	311,200,253
Number of units in circulation (Units)	8	238,573,392	311,120,898
NAV per unit (ex-distribution)		1.0000	1.0000

-

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the financial year ended 30 April 2025

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
Shariah-Compliant Income			
Profit from Shariah-compliant investment Profit from Shariah-based deposits with licensed		409,420	477,836
financial institutions		11,569,827	13,430,389
	-	11,979,247	13,908,225
Expenses	9	870,031	980,731
Manager's fee Trustee's fee	9 10	49,602	56,338
Audit fee	10	8,500	8,500
Tax agent's fee		3,800	3,800
Administration expenses		6,761	5,551
	-	938,694	1,054,920
Net income before taxation Taxation	11	11,040,553 -	12,853,305 -
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the year	-	11,040,553	12,853,305
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised income	_	11,040,553	12,853,305
Distributions for the year			
Gross/Net distribution (RM)	12 _	11,040,553	12,853,305
Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	12	3.3386	3.4210

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE For the financial year ended 30 April 2025

	Note	Unitholders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	NAV attributable to unitholders RM
At 1 May 2023		293,465,368	-	293,465,368
Total comprehensive income for				
the year		-	12,853,305	12,853,305
Creation of units	8	720,378,000	-	720,378,000
Reinvestment of units	8	12,853,305	-	12,853,305
Cancellation of units	8	(715,575,775)	-	(715,575,775)
Distributions	12	-	(12,853,305)	(12,853,305)
At 30 April 2024		311,120,898	-	311,120,898
At 1 May 2024 Total comprehensive income for	-	311,120,898	-	311,120,898
the year		-	11,040,553	11,040,553
Creation of units	8	794,621,788	-	794,621,788
Reinvestment of units	8	11,040,553	-	11,040,553
Cancellation of units	8	(878,209,847)	-	(878,209,847)
Distributions	12	_	(11,040,553)	(11,040,553)
At 30 April 2025	-	238,573,392		238,573,392
	-			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the financial year ended 30 April 2025

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Cash flows from/(used in) operating and investing activities		
Purchase of Shariah-compliant investment	10,041,500	(15,548,450)
Net withdrawals/(placements) of Shariah-based deposits with		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
licensed financial institutions	62,096,609	(1,535,698)
Profit received from Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial		
institutions	12,459,819	12,975,281
Profit received from Shariah-compliant investment	556,811	390,179
Manager's fee paid	(884,123)	(989,595)
Trustee's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses	(50,851) (19,061)	(55,943) (18,079)
Net cash from/(used in) operating and investing activities	84,200,704	(4,782,305)
Net cash non/(used in) operating and investing activities	04,200,704	(4,702,300)
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from creation of units	794,621,788	720,378,000
Payments for cancellation of units	(878,209,847)	(715,575,775)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	(83,588,059)	4,802,225
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	612,645	19,920
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	76,521	56,601
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	689,166	76,521
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at bank	689,166	76,521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the financial year ended 30 April 2025

1. The Fund, the Manager and their principal activities

Phillip Wholesale Islamic Income Fund (hereinafter referred to as "the Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 20 April 2021 (hereinafter referred to as the "Deed"), made between the Manager, Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd and the Trustee, PB Trustee Services Berhad. The Fund was launched on 3 May 2021 and commenced trading activities on 11 May 2021.

The principal activities of the Fund aims to provide regular income to investors higher than Maybank's 1-month General Investment Account-i (GIA-i) rate while maintaining principal value and a high degree of liquidity by investing in Shariah-compliant instruments including Islamic fixed income securities, Islamic Deposits, Islamic money market instruments, and any other form of investments as permitted in the Deed.

The Manager, Phillip Capital Management Sdn Bhd is a private limited company incorporated in Malaysia. The Manager is licensed under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 to carry out fund management activities.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Manager in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 30 June 2025.

2. Material accounting policy information

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the relevant Securities Commission Malaysia guidelines.

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated in the accounting policies. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

2.2 Changes in accounting policies

Amendments to MFRSs

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the Amendments to MFRSs issued by the MASB that are relevant to the Fund's operation and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024, as follows:

Amendments to MFRS 101 Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-current

The adoption of the Amendments to MFRSs did not result in significant changes in the accounting policies of the Fund and has no significant effect on the financial performance or position of the Fund.

New MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs in issue but not yet effective

As at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the New MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs that are relevant to the Fund's operation which were in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Fund are as listed below:

Description

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

MFRS 18: <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i> Amendments to MFRS 121: <i>Lack of Exchangeability</i>	1 January 2027 1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9: Financial Instruments and	1 January 2026
MFRS 7: Financial Instruments: Disclosures	

The Manager of the Fund anticipates that abovementioned New MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs will be adopted in the annual financial statements of the Fund when they become effective and that the adoption of these New MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Fund in the period of initial application.

2.3 Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

Judgements made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no instances of application of judgement which are expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Manager believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

2.4 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

i) Financial assets

Classification of financial assets

The Fund determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include:

Amortisation cost and effective profit method

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective profit method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Shariah-compliant investment, Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions, profit receivables and cash at bank are classified as financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Impairment of financial assets

Credit losses are recognised based on the 'Expected Credit Loss' ("ECL") model. The Fund recognises loss allowances for ECL on financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL (financial assets that are debt instruments). The impairment model does not apply to equity investments. ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

• Financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the end of the reporting period:

As the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive);

• Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the end of the reporting period:

As the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

At the end of each reporting period, the Fund assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Significant downgrade in credit rating of the instrument by a rating agency;
- A breach of contract such as a default or past due event; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

For balances with short-term nature, full impairment will be recognised on uncollected balances after the grace period.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised on the trade date when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

ii) Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the year and from reversal of prior year's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the financial year.

iii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Fund's financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

The Fund includes in this category amounts due to Manager and Trustee and other payables. A financial liability is derecognised when it is settled.

2.5 Unitholders' capital

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund are classified as equity instruments.

2.6 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term and comprise cash at bank, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.7 Income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Profit income from Shariah-compliant investment and Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions is recognised using the effective profit method.

2.8 Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rate and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Current tax expense is determined according to Malaysian tax laws at the current tax rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial year.

Pursuant to Schedule 6 of Income Tax Act 1967, profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax. Profit income generated by the Fund is not charged to tax as it is profit income derived from Malaysia and paid by financial institutions licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013.

No deferred tax is recognised as no temporary differences have been identified.

2.9 Distributions

Distributions are at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves, either in the form of cash or units in the Fund. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved.

2.10 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also its functional currency.

3. Shariah-compliant Investment

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Islamic fixed income securities	10,065,000	20,106,500
Total shariah-compliant investment	10,065,000	20,106,500

Islamic fixed income securities

The composition of Islamic fixed income securities at the end of the reporting period is as detailed below:

	Nominal value RM	Cost RM
2025 GII Murabahah 4/2015 3.990% 15/10/2025	10,000,000	10,065,000
2024 GII Murabahah 8/2013 4.444% 22/05/2024 GII Murabahah 4/2019 3.655% 15/10/2024	10,000,000 <u>10,000,000</u> 20,000,000	10,068,000 <u>10,038,500</u> 20,106,500

The investment in Islamic fixed income securities issued by Government of Malaysia in GII Murabahah is paying 3.990% (2024: 4.444% and 3.655%) of interest per annum andwill mature on 15 October 2025 (2024: 22 May 2024 and 15 October 2024 respectively). The Islamic fixed income securities are held by the Fund within a business model whose objective is both to collect contractual cash flows which are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Hence, the Islamic fixed income securities are measured at amortised cost.

For the purposes of impairment assessment, the Islamic fixed income securities are considered to have low credit risk since it is issued by the Government of Malaysia.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Islamic fixed income securities amounting to RM10,065,000 (2024: RM20,106,500) is neither past due nor impaired and there are no expected credit losses.

4. Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Licensed Islamic banks	227,063,591	289,160,200

The weighted average profit rates and the average remaining maturity of Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Weighted average profit rates (per annum) 2025 %	Average remaining maturity 2025 Days	Weighted average profit rates (per annum) 2024 %	Average remaining maturity 2024 Days
Licensed Islamic banks	3.69	36	3.64	32

5. Shariah information of the Fund

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investments portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant.

6. Other payables

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Audit fee	8,500	8,500
Tax agent's fee	3,572	3,572
	12,072	12,072

7. Net asset value ("NAV") attributable to unitholders

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Unitholders' capital	238,573,392	311,120,898

8. Number of units in circulation

	202	25
	No. of units	RM
At 1 May 2024	311,120,898	311,120,898
Creation of units	794,621,788	794,621,788
Reinvestment of units	11,040,553	11,040,553
Cancellation of units	(878,209,847)	(878,209,847)
At 30 April 2025	238,573,392	238,573,392
	202	
	202	<u>2</u> 4
	No. of units	RM
At 1 May 2023	-	
At 1 May 2023 Creation of units	No. of units	RM
•	No. of units 293,465,368	RM 293,465,368
Creation of units	No. of units 293,465,368 720,378,000	RM 293,465,368 720,378,000

9. Manager's fee

The Eighth Schedule of the Deed provides that the Manager's fee is computed on a daily basis, up to a maximum of 1.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund before deducting the Manager's fee and Trustee's fee for the particular day.

The Manager's fee charged for the year ended 30 April 2025 is 0.26% (2024: 0.26%) per annum.

10. Trustee's fee

The Ninth Schedule of the Deed provides that the Trustee's fee is computed on a daily basis, up to a maximum of 0.02% per annum of the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum of RM12,000 per annum.

The Trustee's fee charged for the year ended 30 April 2025 is 0.015% (2024: 0.015%) per annum.

11. Taxation

	RM	RM
Estimated Malaysian income tax: Current financial year	_	

Income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory rate of taxation of 24% (2024: 24%) of the estimated assessable income for the financial year. In accordance with Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act 1967, profit income earned by the Fund is exempted from tax.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before tax at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Net income before tax	11,040,553	12,853,305
Tax at Malaysian tax rate of 24% (2024: 24%) Effect of income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,649,733 (2,875,019)	3,084,793 (3,337,974)
(under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967) Restriction on tax deductible expenses for the Fund Tax expense for the year	14,439 210,847 -	15,765

12. Distributions

Distributions to unitholders were from the following sources:

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Profit from Shariah-compliant investment Profit from Shariah-based deposits with licensed	409,420	477,836
financial institutions	11,569,827	13,430,389
Less: Expenses	(938,694)	(1,054,920)
Net income distribution	11,040,553	12,853,305

The Fund operates on a monthly income distribution policy. Details of distributions made by the Fund to the unitholders are as follows:

Month of accrual	Month-end units in circulation	Gross distribut		Net distri	bution	Gross/net distribution per units in circulation
	Units	RM	% [1]	RM	% [1]	RM
2025						
31.05.2024	311,217,503	846,605	3.30	846,605	3.30	0.2803
30.06.2024	269,082,661	799,477	3.30	799,477	3.30	0.2712
31.07.2024	297,462,104	759,327	3.30	759,327	3.30	0.2803
31.08.2024	335,397,524	905,225	3.30	905,225	3.30	0.2803
30.09.2024	353,525,960	958,219	3.33	958,219	3.33	0.2737
31.10.2024	454,793,397	1,166,974	3.33	1,166,974	3.33	0.2828
30.11.2024	390,267,602	1,124,031	3.33	1,124,031	3.33	0.2737
31.12.2024	311,312,437	1,064,589	3.40	1,064,589	3.40	0.2888
31.01.2025	330,880,272	1,072,202	3.30	1,072,202	3.30	0.2803
28.02.2025	304,444,170	891,452	3.45	891,452	3.45	0.2647
31.03.2025	240,051,513	791,853	3.40	791,853	3.40	0.2888
30.04.2025	238,573,392	660,599	3.33	660,599	3.33	0.2737
		11,040,553		11,040,553		3.3386

PHILLIP WHOLESALE ISLAMIC INCOME FUND

Month of accrual	Month-end units in circulation	distri	Gross	Net dist	ribution	Gross/net distribution per units in circulation
	Units	RM	% [1]	RM	% [1]	RM
2024						
31.05.2023	312,707,262	891,894	3.45	891,894	3.45	0.2930
30.06.2023	338,292,175	934,913	3.40	934,913	3.40	0.2795
31.07.2023	365,382,009	989,833	3.30	989,833	3.30	0.2803
31.08.2023	402,950,611	1,118,603	3.32	1,118,603	3.32	0.2820
30.09.2023	419,362,120	1,133,509	3.35	1,133,509	3.35	0.2753
31.10.2023	417,195,414	1,233,294	3.40	1,233,294	3.40	0.2888
30.11.2023	420,438,499	1,223,085	3.50	1,223,085	3.50	0.2877
31.12.2023	397,451,126	1,182,626	3.50	1,182,626	3.50	0.2973
31.01.2024	380,520,184	1,139,058	3.52	1,139,058	3.52	0.2990
29.02.2024	367,515,347	1,095,163	3.50	1,095,163	3.50	0.2781
31.03.2024	271,824,829	979,483	3.40	979,483	3.40	0.2888
30.04.2024	311,120,898	931,844	3.30	931,844	3.30	0.2712
		12,853,305		12,853,305	-	3.4210

[1] Distribution is accrued on a daily basis and distributed on a monthly basis.

Distribution is computed based on the annual rate stated above on unitholders' equity.

	2025 RM	2024 RM
NAV per unit cum distribution	1.0000	1.0000
NAV per unit ex-distribution	1.0000	1.0000

13. Units held by related party

As at the end of the reporting period, the total number of units held legally by a related company is as follows:

	No. of units Units	Market value RM
2025 Philip Mutual Berhad	238,573,392	238,573,392
2024 Philip Mutual Berhad	311,120,898	311,120,898

Phillip Mutual Berhad acts as an institutional unit trust adviser for the Fund and has invested RM238,573,392 (2024: RM311,120,898), equivalent to 238,573,392 (2024: 311,120,898) units in the Fund as at the end of the reporting period.

The transactions with the related company have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from that obtainable in transactions with non-related parties.

14. Transactions with financial institutions

Details of transactions with financial institutions for the current financial year are as follows:

	Transactio RM	n value %
2025		
Financial institutions		
Al Rajhi Banking & Investment Corporation		
(Malaysia) Berhad	9,501,817,431	50.23
AmIslamic Bank Berhad	10,000,000	0.05
Bank Islam Malaysia Bhd	40,000,000	0.21
Bank Kerjasama Rakyat Berhad	454,866,558	2.40
Bank Simpanan Nasional	252,197,372	1.33
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	6,900,056,810	36.48
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	30,000,000	0.16
Kuwait Finance House (Malaysia) Berhad (FI)	33,500,000	0.18
Malayan Banking Bhd	14,874,000	0.08
Maybank Islamic Bank Berhad	1,385,123,000	7.32
MBSB Bank Berhad	3,000,000	0.02
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	290,738,314	1.54
	18,916,173,485	100.00
2024		
Financial institutions		
Al Rajhi Banking & Investment Corporation		
(Malaysia) Berhad	29,000,000	0.14
Alliance Islamic Bank Berhad	39,011,682	0.19
AmIslamic Bank Berhad	108,275,907	0.53
Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	3,000,000	0.01
Bank Kerjasama Rakyat Berhad	4,045,731,713	19.65
Bank Simpanan Nasional	589,031,158	2.86
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	13,456,487,522	65.36
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	61,507,489	0.30
Kuwait Finance House (Malaysia) Berhad (FI)	3,000,000	0.01
Maybank Islamic Bank Berhad	1,860,483,895	9.04
MBSB Bank Berhad	6,017,277	0.03
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	386,742,201	1.88
	20,588,288,844	100.00

The above transactions are in respect of placements of Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions. Transactions in these Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions do not involve any commission or brokerage.

15. Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR")

Portfolio turnover ratio is the ratio of the average placements and withdrawals of deposits of the Fund during the financial year to the average NAV of the Fund. The portfolio turnover ratio for the current financial year is 56.82 (2024: 54.43) times.

16. Total expense ratio ("TER")

Total expense ratio is the ratio of the total fees and recovered expenses of the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's average NAV. The total expense ratio for the current financial year is 0.28% (2024: 0.28%).

17. Segmental reporting

As the Fund's investments are in Islamic fixed income securities and Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions in Malaysia, the Fund does not report its results and investments by business or geographical segments.

18. Financial risk management

The Fund is exposed to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which includes profit rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Whilst these are the most important types of financial risks inherent in each type of financial instrument, the Manager and the Trustee would like to highlight that this list does not purport to constitute an exhaustive list of all the risks inherent in an investment in the Fund.

The Fund's overall risk management programme seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as profit rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices.

Since the previous financial year, the Fund is not exposed to changes in foreign exchange rates and equity prices as the Fund's investments are in Islamic fixed income securities and Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions in the local currency.

(i) Profit rate risk

Cash is particularly sensitive to movements in profit rates. When profit rates rise, the returns on cash will rise while the value of fixed income securities will fall and vice versa, thus affecting the NAV of the Fund. When the profit rate trend is anticipated to rise, the exposure to fixed income securities will be reduced to an acceptable level.

Profit rate risk sensitivity

The increase/(decrease) in the NAV attributable to unitholders as at the end of the reporting period, assuming profit rate changes by +/(-) 50 basis points with all other variables held constant, is +/(-) RM111,455 (2024: RM126,105). This analysis is for illustration purpose only and is not an indication of future variance.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counterparty to make timely payments of profit, principals and proceeds from realisation of investments. The Manager manages the credit risk by setting counterparty limits and undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

	2025		2024	
Credit rating	RM	As a % of deposits	RM	As a % of deposits
AAA	14,759,213	6.50	234,065,143	80.95
AA2	144,508,335	63.64	55,095,057	19.05
AA1	45,796,043	20.17	-	-
AA+	22,000,000	9.69		
	227,063,591	100.00	289,160,200	100.00

The following table shows the credit rating of the financial institutions which the Fund has made placements with:

The Fund's financial assets that are subjected to the ECL model include deposits with licensed financial institutions and cash at bank. As at the end of the reporting period, none of the financial assets were credit-impaired and the impairment loss is immaterial.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of its units on a regular basis. Units sold to unitholders by the Manager are redeemable at the unitholders' option based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of redemption calculated in accordance with the Fund's Deed. The Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis.

The Manager's policy is to always maintain a prudent and sufficient level of liquid assets so as to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash at bank, Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days. Any redemption by the unitholders beyond expected normal levels may result in early redemption of deposits placed by the Funds and could result in loss of profit accrued.

All the financial liabilities of the Fund are due on demand or within one year from the end of the reporting period.

19. Fair value of financial instruments

The Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at either fair value or at amortised cost based on their respective classification. The material accounting policy information in Note 2 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position as at the end of the reporting period by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis:

	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2025			
Financial assets			
Shariah-compliant investment	10,065,000	-	10,065,000
Shariah-based deposits with licensed financial institutions	227 062 501		227 062 501
Profit receivables	227,063,591	-	227,063,591
Cash at bank	819,649	-	819,649
Total financial assets	689,166		689,166
Total Infancial assets	238,637,406		238,637,406
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	_	48,966	48,966
Amount due to Trustee	_	2,976	2,976
Other payables	_	12,072	12,072
Total financial liabilities		64,014	64,014
		01,011	01,011
2024			
Financial assets			
Shariah-compliant investment	20,106,500	-	20,106,500
Shariah-based deposits with	,,		,,
licensed financial institutions	289,160,200	-	289,160,200
Profit receivables	1,857,032	-	1,857,032
Cash at bank	76,521		76,521
Total financial assets	311,200,253		311,200,253
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager	-	63,058	63,058
Amount due to Trustee	-	4,225	4,225
Other payables		12,072	12,072
Total financial liabilities		79,355	79,355

The financial instruments of the Fund are not carried at fair value but their carrying amounts are reasonable approximations of fair values due to their short-term maturity.

20. Capital management

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for redemptions and subscriptions to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its information memorandum;
- (b) To achieve consistent returns while safeguarding capital by using various investment strategies;
- (c) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise; and
- (d) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operation of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current financial year.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MANAGER

Phillip Capital Management Sdn. Bhd. (Registration No: 199501004372)(333567-D)

Registered Office

Lot 25-4-12, 4th Floor, Plaza Prima Batu 4 ½, Jalan Kelang Lama, 58200 Kuala Lumpur. Tel : 603-7983 0277

Business Office

B-18-6 Block B Level 18 Unit 6, Megan Avenue II, 12 Jalan Yap Kwan Seng, 50450 Kuala Lumpur. Tel : 603-2783 0300 Fax: 603-2166 5099 Website: https://www.phillipinvest.com.my E-mail: pcm@phillipcapital.com.my

TRUSTEE

PB Trustee Services Berhad (Registration No: 196801000374 (7968-T)

Registered Office and Business Office

Level 17, Menara Public Bank, 146, Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 603-2176 6760 Fax: 603-2164 6197 Website: www.publicbank.com.my

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Datin Hajjah Nona Binti Salleh Mohd Fadzli Bin Mohd Anas Loke Ka Wai Norlia Binti Mohd Ali Maznah Binti Abdullah (appointed on 31 December 2024)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Koh Siang Choo (MIA 4640) Compac Sdn Bhd, Lot 25-4-12, 4th Floor, Plaza Prima, Batu 4 1/2, Jalan Kelang Lama, 58200 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 603-7983 0277 Email: compac.cosec@gmail.com

AUDITOR

Deloitte PLT (LLP0010145-LCA) (AF0080) Level 16, Menara LGB, 1, Jalan Wan Kadir, Taman Tun Dr. Ismail, 60000 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 603-7610 8888 Fax: 603-7726 8986 Website: www.deloitte.com/my

TAX ADVISER

Deloitte Tax Services Sdn. Bhd. (Registration No: 197701005407)(36421-T) Level 16, Menara LGB, 1 Jalan Wan Kadir, Taman Tun Dr. Ismail, 60000 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 603-7610 8888 Fax: 603-7725 7768

SHARIAH ADVISER

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd (Registration No: 200501007003)(684050-H)

Registered Office / Head Office

Unit 11-3A, 3rd Mile Square, No 151, Jalan Klang Lama Batu 3 1/2, 58100 Kuala Lumpur.

Business Office

Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life, 189, Jalan Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 603-2161 0260 Fax: 603-2161 0262

ENQUIRIES

Customer Service Hotline Tel: 603-2783 0300 E-mail: pcm@poems.com.my





PHILLIP CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SDN. BHD.

(199501004372)(333567-D) Capital Markets and Services Licence No. : CMSL/A0044/2007

B-18-6, Block B Level 18 Unit 6, Megan Avenue II, No. 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng, 50450, Kuala Lumpur Tel: (603) 2783 0300 | Fax: (603) 2166 5099 pcm@poems.com.my | https://www.phillipinvest.com.my